Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Oceanic Iron Ore Corp. have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

# Oceanic Iron Ore Corp. Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	Notes	Septe	As at mber 30, 2019	Dece	As at ember 31, 2018
				2000	5111501 01, 2010
Assets					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	637,091	\$	1,359,508
Receivables			36,044		33,181
Prepaid expenses and deposits			16,607		12,085
			689,742		1,404,774
Mineral properties	4		43,199,680		42,581,712
		\$	43,889,422	\$	43,986,486
Liabilities Current		•		•	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	349,782	\$	169,164
Due to related parties	16		209,167		131,166
Current portion of advance royalty payable	4b		<u> </u>		<u>369,529</u> 669,859
Non-current portion of advance royalty payable Convertible debentures	4b 5		495,118 4,479,194 5,929,982		350,000 3,059,501 4,079,360
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	6a,b		60,091,231		60,091,231
Contributed surplus	6b,c,d		10,513,991		10,354,193
Deficit	, ,		(32,645,782)		(30,538,298)
			37,959,440		39,907,126
		\$	43,889,422	\$	43,986,486
<i>Nature of operations and going concern Commitments</i> Subsequent event	1 7 9				
Approved by the Board:					
" Steven Dean "	_	Direct	or		
" Gordon Keep "	_	Direct	or		

Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Notes					Nine months ended September 30, 2019		Nine months ended September 30, 2018	
Expenses									
Consulting and management fees		\$	58,750	\$	58,750	\$	176,250	\$	176,250
Directors' fees			2,500		5,000		17,500		20,000
Investor relations and corporate development			-		-		270		2,025
License and insurance			5,478		4,985		14,371		14,781
Office and general			9,427		4,812		18,609		13,835
Professional fees			8,904		4,826		30,387		37,187
Rent			7,355		8,940		25,230		26,769
Share-based payments	6b,c		33,932		-		159,798		11,413
Transfer agent and regulatory			1,878		2,266		7,875		17,298
Wages and benefits			23,983		24,420		73,572		80,839
			(152,206)		(114,000)		(523,863)		(400,396)
Other expenses									
Unrealized (loss)/gain on convertible debenture derivative liability	5		135,577		700		(1,337,295)		(62,998)
Convertible debenture accretion expense			(83,204)		(28,284)		(246,326)		(83,386)
Net loss before income taxes			(99,833)		(141,584)		(2,107,484)		(546,780)
Deferred income tax expense			-		-		-		(79,775)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(99,833)	\$	(141,584)	\$	(2,107,484)	\$	(772,939)
Loss per common share - basic and diluted		\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			69,055,849		68,038,277		69,055,849		67,830,849

### Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Notes	Shares	S	hare Capital		Contributed surplus		Convertible Debenture	Deficit	т	otal Equity
Balance - January 1, 2019		69,055,849	\$	60,091,231	\$	10,354,193	\$	- \$	(30,538,298)	\$	39,907,126
Share-based compensation	6c	-		-		116,183			-		116,183
Restricted share units compensation	6b	-		-		43,615			-		43,615
Net loss for the period		-		-		-			(2,107,484)		(2,107,484)
Balance - September 30, 2019		69,055,849	\$	60,091,231	\$	10,513,991	\$	- \$	(32,645,782)	\$	37,959,440
Balance - January 1, 2018	_	Shares 66,997,516	S	hare Capital 59,893,208	•	Contributed surplus 10,389,030		Convertible Debenture 207,473 \$	Deficit (29,259,770)		otal Equity 41,229,941
Dalance - January 1, 2010		00,337,310	φ	59,095,200	φ	10,303,030	φ	201,413 \$	(23,233,110)	φ	41,223,341
Share-based compensation	6c	-		-		11,413		-	-		11,413
Settlement of convertible debenture		625,000		33,023		18,750		-	-		51,773
Settlement of convertible debenture - equity portion		-		-		-		(207,473)	-		(207,473)
Settlement of advance royalty payment		1,000,000		100,000		-		-	-		100,000
Net loss for the period		-		-		-		-	(626,552)		(626,552)
Balance - September 30, 2018		68,622,516	\$	60,026,231	\$	10,419,193	\$	- \$	(29,886,322)	\$	40,559,102

## Oceanic Iron Ore Corp. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	Notes	 aree Months ended September 30, 2019	Three Months ended September 30, 2018	Nine months ended September 30, 2019	Nine months ended September 30, 2018
Operating activities					
Net loss for the period		\$ (99,833)	\$ (141,583)	\$ (2,107,484)	\$ (626,554)
Adjustments for:					
Deferred income tax		-	-	-	79,775
Share-based payments		33,932	-	159,798	11,413
Unrealized (loss)/gain on convertible debenture derivative liability	5	(135,577)	(700)	1,337,295	62,998
Convertible debenture interest expense Net changes in non-cash working capital balances:		83,204	28,284	246,326	83,386
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(2,307)	4.346	(12,784)	(29,440)
Receivables		(18,861)	127	(2,761)	1.685
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		50,471	47	58,965	11,222
Due to related parties		(3,834)	62,006	78,000	147,278
		 (92,805)	(47,473)	(242,645)	(258,236)
Investing activities					
Mineral property expenditures		(141,980)	(24,526)	(315,844)	(74,841)
		 (141,980)	(24,526)	(315,844)	(74,841)
Financing activities					
Interest paid on convertible debenture	5	(54,667)	(17,213)	(163,928)	(51,639)
Proceeds from convertible debenture net of issuance costs		-	-	-	(20,640)
		 (54,667)	(17,213)	(163,928)	(72,279)
Change in cash during the period		(289,452)	(89,212)	(722,417)	(405,356)
Cash, beginning of period		926,543	203,228	1,359,508	519,374
Cash, end of period		\$ 637,091	\$ 114,016	\$ 637,091	\$ 114,018

### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Oceanic Iron Ore Corp. ("Oceanic" or the "Company") is an exploration stage company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of iron ore properties in Québec, Canada. The Company was incorporated on March 8, 1986 under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act. The Company maintains its head office at 595 Burrard Street, Suite 3083, Vancouver, British Columbia. The Company's registered/records office is located at 1500 – 1055 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia. Its common shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "FEO".

The Company acquired a 100% interest in certain mining claims (the "Property") located near Ungava Bay, Québec, Canada in November, 2010. The Company is currently conducting exploration activity on the Property.

While these financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due, certain conditions and events result in a material uncertainty casting significant doubt on the validity of this assumption. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company reported loss of \$2,107,484 and as at that date had an accumulated deficit of \$32,645,782 and working capital deficit of \$265,928. The Company will need to raise additional funds in order to finance ongoing exploration, development and administrative expenses over the coming 12 months. The Company continues to pursue a number of options to improve its financial capacity, including securing a strategic partner to further advance the Hopes Advance project, and obtaining cash flow through other forms of financing. The success of raising such funds cannot be assured. Factors that could affect the availability of financing include the Company's performance, the state of international debt and equity markets, investor perceptions and expectations, the retention of key executive management and the state of global financial and metals markets. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption deemed to be inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Auditing Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all disclosures required for annual audited financial statements. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Company's audited annual financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2018. The accounting policies followed in these condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in note 4 of the Company's audited annual financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2018, except for IFRS 16 which was adopted on January 1, 2019 and discussed in further detail in Note 3 below.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on November 21, 2019.

#### 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### IFRS 16 - Leases

The following lease accounting policy has been applied as of January 1, 2019 on adoption of IFRS 16. For comparative periods prior to 2019, the Company applied lease policies in accordance with IAS 17, Leases (IAS 17). Leases of property, plant and equipment were classified as either finance or operating leases. Payments made under operating leases were charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss over the period of the lease.

Under IFRS 16, at inception of a contract, the Company is required to assess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company evaluates whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset, whether the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset during the term of the arrangement and if the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. At inception, or on a reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative standalone prices.

As a lessee, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset, which is included in property, plant and equipment, and a lease liability at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which is comprised of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the lease term, or the end of the useful life of the asset. In addition, the right-of-use asset may be reduced due to impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

A lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are unpaid at the commencement date, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- Exercise prices of purchase options if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or if there is a change in our estimate or assessment of the expected amount payable under a residual value guarantee, purchase, extension or termination option. Variable lease payments not included in the initial measurement of the lease liability are charged directly to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

#### 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IFRS 16 – Leases (continued)

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are charged directly to the statement of income and comprehensive income over the lease term.

There was no impact to the Company's financial statements as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019.

#### 4. MINERAL PROPERTIES - UNGAVA BAY

a) Acquisition costs

	Nine months ended	Ν	line months ended
	 September 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
Acquisition Costs - beginning of period	\$ 19,193,453	\$	19,099,787
Additions during the period			
Accretion of advance royalty payable	172,311		93,666
Acquisition Costs - end of period	\$ 19,365,764	\$	19,193,453

#### b) Exploration costs

	Nine months ended	Ν	Nine months ended
	 September 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
Cumulative exploration costs - beginning of period	\$ 23,388,259	\$	23,225,858
Expenditures during the period			
Permitting & claims	40,820		68,467
Consultants	399,295		83,000
Equipment, supplies & rentals	3,028		3,063
Office and accomodation	2,426		7,759
Transportation	88		112
Exploration expenditures for the period	 445,657		162,401
Cumulative exploration costs - end of period	\$ 23,833,916	\$	23,388,259
Grand total - mineral properties	\$ 43,199,680	\$	42,581,712

Under the terms of the acquisition of the Property, the Company must pay advance net smelter return ("NSR") payments of \$200,000 per year until the commencement of commercial production. The aggregate advance NSR payments will then be credited against all future NSR payments payable from production. The advance NSR payments included in the purchase price represent the present value of advance payments to the royalty holders until the estimated date of commencement of commercial production.

#### 4. MINERAL PROPERTIES - UNGAVA BAY (continued)

#### b) Exploration costs (continued)

During the year management revised its estimate on the timeline for reaching commercial production, extending the number of advance NSR payments to be paid by the Company, which resulted in an increase in the advance royalty payable of \$80,576. The total estimated future undiscounted NSR payment as at September 30, 2019 is \$1,200,000 (December 31, 2018: \$1,000,000) (Note 7). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, accretion of the advance royalty payable totaled \$33,470 and \$91,735, respectively (September 30, 2018 - \$33,435 and \$91,568). At September 30, 2019, the total advance royalty payable was \$891,839 (December 31, 2018: \$719,529), with \$396,721 recognized as a current liability (December 31, 2018: \$369,529) and \$495,118 recognized as a long-term liability (December 31, 2018: \$350,000).

#### 5. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE

	debe	Convertible enture - 2017 Debentures	debe	Convertible enture - 2018 Debentures	Total
Opening balance - April 1, 2018	\$	1,184,281	\$	-	\$1,184,281
Cash received Transaction costs allocated		-		1,812,500 (45,416)	1,812,500 (45,416)
Interest expense and accretion Amortization of transaction costs		80,727 2,886		13,507	94,234 3,416
Interest payments Settlement of convertible debenture		(51,639) (51,773)		(13,507)	(65,146) (51,773)
Unrealized (gain) loss due to fair value adjustment on derivative liability		(134,260)		261,665	127,405
Balance - December 31, 2018	\$	1,030,222	\$	2,029,279	\$3,059,501
Interest expense and accretion Amortization of transaction costs Interest payments Unrealized loss due to fair value adjustment on		82,021 1,954 (48,381) 39,318		155,311 7,040 (115,547) 1,297,977	237,332 8,994 (163,928) 1,337,295
derivative liability Balance - September 30, 2019	\$	1,105,134	\$	3,374,060	\$4,479,194

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

#### a) Share Capital

Unlimited common and preferred shares without par value

#### b) Restricted Share Units ("RSUs")

A summary of the changes in RSUs is as follows:

	Number of RSUs
Balance - January 1, 2018	433,333
Settled	(433,333)
RSUs outstanding - December 31, 2018	-
Granted	684,157
RSUs outstanding - September 30, 2019	684,157

RSU expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$7,696 and \$43,615, respectively (September 30, 2018: \$nil) which was recorded within share-based compensation in the statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss).

#### c) Stock options

A summary of the changes in the stock options is as follows:

		Weighted average
	Options	exercise price
Options outstanding - January 1, 2018	4,374,283	\$ 0.19
Forfeited	(998,333)	0.19
Options outstanding - December 31, 2018	3,375,950	0.19
Granted	1,990,000	0.09
Forfeited	(20,000)	0.09
Options outstanding - September 30, 2019	5,345,950	\$ 0.16

Total share-based payments recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 was \$26,236 and \$116,183, respectively, which was expensed in the consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) (September 30, 2018 - nil and \$11,413, respectively).

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

#### c) Stock options

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at September 30, 2019:

Number of			
Options	Price		Options
outstanding	CAD	Expiry Date	Exercisable
392,350	0.20	November 30, 2020	392,350
250,000	0.20	January 5, 2021	250,000
30,000	0.20	January 11, 2021	30,000
10,000	0.20	April 5, 2021	10,000
110,600	0.20	May 18, 2021	110,600
205,000	0.20	December 16, 2021	205,000
183,000	0.20	January 18, 2023	183,000
765,000	0.155	November 25, 2024	765,000
25,000	0.155	December 15, 2024	25,000
570,000	0.15	December 2, 2025	570,000
835,000	0.25	January 20, 2027	835,000
1,970,000	0.09	March 19, 2029	1,320,000
5,345,950			4,695,950

#### d) Share purchase warrants

As at September 30, 2019 the Company had a total of 625,500 share purchase warrants outstanding with an exercise price of \$0.10, expiring on September 30, 2022.

A summary of the changes in the share purchase warrants is as follows:

		Weigl	hted average
	Number	е	xercise price
Balance - January 1, 2018	4,925,000		0.30
Expired	(4,925,000)		0.30
Issued	625,000		0.10
Balance - December 31, 2018 and	625,000	\$	0.10
September 30, 2019			

#### 7. COMMITMENTS

Effective March 1, 2011 (amended on January 1, 2017) the Company entered into an agreement with an affiliated company, with a director and officer in common, in respect of shared lease, overhead and service costs. Under the agreement, the Company is billed quarterly for office rental and other services relating to its office in Vancouver. The agreement expires on December 31, 2019. Either party may terminate the agreement by providing 90 days' notice.

As part of the acquisition of the Ungava Bay mineral properties, commencing on November 30, 2011, Oceanic must pay advance net smelter royalty ("NSR") payments of \$200,000 per year, which will be credited against all future NSR payments payable from production (Note 4b).

The committed charges for the Company are as follows:

	Van	couver			Total
September 30	offi	ce rent	NS	SR payments	commitments
2020		8,624		400,000	408,624
2021		-		200,000	200,000
Thereafter		-		600,000	600,000
	\$	8,624	\$	1,200,000	\$ 1,208,624

#### 8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is based on available public market information or, when such information is not available, estimated using present value techniques and assumptions concerning the amount and timing of future cash flows and discount rates which factor in the appropriate credit risk. The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

#### 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In October 2019, \$50,000 of the 2018 Debentures were converted into units comprising 1,000,000 common shares and 1,000,000 share purchase warrants.